

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant :	Dana Alexa Totir et al.	Art Unit :	1745
Serial No. :	10/800,905	Examiner :	Raymond Alejandro
Filed :	March 15, 2004	Conf. No. :	1479
Title :	NON-AQUEOUS ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS		

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

DECLARATION OF DANA ALEXA TOTIR, KIRAKODU S.
NANJUNDASWAMY AND MICHAEL POZIN UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.131

1. We are the inventors of the inventions claimed in the above-captioned patent application.
2. Two laboratory notebook pages from a laboratory notebook of Dana Alex Totir are attached. The notebook pages are signed by Ms. Totir and are dated prior to September 12, 2003. The two pages are true and complete copies from the original notebook, except that the dates on the laboratory notebook pages have been whited out and information is highlighted as described below.
3. The laboratory notebook pages demonstrate that electrochemical cells covered by claims 1-5, 8-12, 14-24, 28, 31-35, and 39-43, and 45-46 were made and used prior to September 12, 2003.
 - (a) Some of the information on the notebook pages is highlighted for convenience. See in particular the highlighted information next to "Cell #1" on page 2489-110 and "Cell #2" on page 2489-111. The electrochemical cells were coin cell models that included a plastic housing, a cathode including "δ-EMD" (δ-electrolytic manganese dioxide) on a "primed Al" (aluminum) current collector. The aluminum current collector in turn was pressed on an "SS grid". SS is stainless steel, and the aluminum current collector thus was in contact with a second metal surface (the stainless steel) different from the surface of the aluminum current collector. The cells included a "Li" (lithium) anode and an electrolyte including "0.05 M" (page 2489-110) or "0.03 M" (page 2489-111) LiBOB." LiBOB is lithium bis(oxalato)borate. Thus, the electrochemical cells described on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 include all of the requirements of claims 1-2, 5, 8-12, 31-35, and 45-46.

(b) Laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 refer to "LiBOB in TDE10" in the highlighted information next to "Cell #1" and "Cell #2". TDE10 is an internal name for an electrolyte that includes, among other ingredients, lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate. Thus, electrochemical cells on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 also include all of the requirements of claims 3 and 4.

(c) The aluminum cathode current collector used in the electrochemical cells on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 had a size of at least one dimension greater than 2 millimeters. Thus, the electrochemical cells on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 include all of the requirements of claims 14-16.

(d) The electrochemical cells on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 were designed to be discharged once and then discarded, and thus are primary electrochemical cells as opposed to secondary (rechargeable) electrochemical cells. Thus, the electrochemical cells on laboratory notebook pages 2489-110 and 2489-111 meet all of the requirements of claims 17-24, 28, and 39-43.

4. We hereby declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that those statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Attorney's Docket No.: 08935-270001 / M-4996/Z-
03622



Dana Alexa Totir

09/13/07

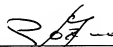
Date



Kirakodu S. Nanjundaswamy

September, 07, 2007

Date



Michael Pozin

September 12, 2007

Date

Subject Matter

If corrosion cell all the were inconsistent (results vary in a large range)

Next test is 100% of cells.

- Ref:
- If both cathodes pressed by 35 gird in 10 contact
 - No. 100% test
 - Corrosion of 4/14 can and of the alloy @ 3.8V (n 37)

Impedance measurements with Ag pseudo-reference electrode
 3. Cathode all in the system working electrode: 6. compare
 and reference electrode
 measure OCV of the cathode in Li reference in 100%
 of (100%) in 100% in reference in 100%
 of (100%) in 100% in 100% in 100%
 of (100%) in 100% in 100% in 100%

to compare the peak potential for Ag (100) and Li (100)
 to find out the potential difference.

Cell 1
 1. 0.05 M NaOH in 100% R, 100 contact 100% 732
 placed in 35 gird in 100% in 100% (4/14)
 2. 0.05 M NaOH in 100% in 100%
 100% 100% 100% 100%
 100% 100% 100% 100%

Cell 2

- At 210 a. 1. cor - Au(100), Li(100), Li(100), 100% in 100% in 100% ; Cu
 between 2.7 - 3.7 V @ 20 mV/sec
- At 210 a. 2. cor - Ag(100), Au(100), Li(100), 100% in 100% in 100% - 100% in 100%
 experiment to monitor the potential in 100%
- At 210 a. 3. cor - Au(100), Li(100), Ag(100) - 100% in 100% in 100%
 PGM. 100% 0 - 0.7 V vs. ref @ 20 mV/sec
- At 210 a. 4. cor - Au(100), Li(100), Ag(100) - 100% in 100% in 100%
 Cu - 0.6 - 0.8 V vs. ref @ 20 mV/sec
- At 210 a. 5. cor - Same as above Cu 100% - 0.1 and 0.1 V vs. ref @ 20 mV/sec

Witnessed & Understood by me,

Date

Recorded by

Date

Moulin

Date

J. M.

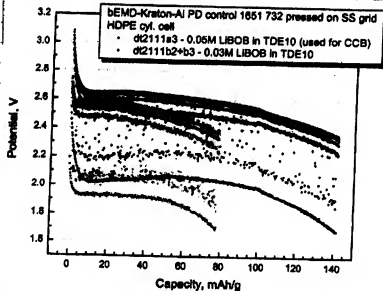
Subject Matter

- dt 2111 a1. cor - Cell #1 dismantled in page 10 - stopped after 170 pulses
rec at 33 mA
- dt 2111 a2. cor - ocr for 2h (at 91)
- dt 2111 a3. cor - Cell #1, rec at 33 mA, 600 pulses

Cell #2:

p-oms kraton in primed H, PD control 1651 732
pressed on SS grid in 5th melted Ni alloy (157)
also cleaned, ink 0.084 4.800 2.500, 1.500
1x2 4, H₂O 4.800 2.500

- dt 2111 b1. cor - open circuit, 2h
- dt 2111 b2. cor - rec at 23 mA, 500 pulses
- dt 2111 b3. cor - rec at 33 mA, additional n of pulses
(collected next day)



Witnessed & Understood by me,

Handwritten signature

Date

Date

Recorded by

Handwritten signature

Date